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METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING A BUILDING STRUCTURE.

Applicant/Proprietor: INTERNATIONAL DOME SYSTEMS

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Description

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The invention relates to a method for manufacturing a building abunture in accordance with the presmble of claim 1.

A method of this kind is known from US-4-

According to eald known method the foam layer is applied layer by layer and the foot plates of the anchors are effected by means of adhesive to the first fearn layer. This etischment is in- sufficient. Many anchors fall down under the influence of the forces which occur during spraying and due to deformations of the form by wind forces. Even after surrounding the anchor feet by the next foam layer applied over said feet said anchors are not capable to take up the loads which occur during attachment of the reinforcing rode and during spraying of the concrete.

Purpose of the invention is to provide a method by means of which the progress of the work is not disturbed by anchors which do not maintain their proper position.

According to the Invention this purpose is actioned by the characterizing statures of claim 1.

By the fact that the foundayer has obtained its final michness prior to mounting the anchors it is possible to insert the bent over parts of the feet of the anchors easily into the foom layer. Due to this the anchors are quickly structed.

By the sact that moreover the first concrete layer is sprayed over said feet and covers said feet, a hard layer is obtained which boids the anchors in a manner such that they can no longer locate and are capable to carry the weight of the reinforcing rode and are capable to withstand the forces which occur during appropring of the concrete on the anchors and reinforcing rode, including the weight of not yet completely hardened coocrete parts.

Preferably the reinforcing is one which at least in nortzental planes is pretensionable. This is made possible by the rigid attachment of the enchors.

It is observed that from US-A 3,277,219 a method is known for the manufacturing of a building structure by making use of an inflatable form squinst the inner side of which a foem sayer is sprayed und the layer. 45 has in ful required thickness. After spraying and complotting said layer anchors are visceted into the foun layer in the form of wire dips having a burbed or turned over inserted and which provide an attachment such that prior to any apraying of concrete reinforcing rods can be attricted to said anothers. The mounting of said enchars by pressure or homenaring is time consurring and can domage the form layer. Concrete is only applied for the first time after the reinforcing rade ere placed. Althrough eald known method discloses the possibility of primerily mamulacturing the foam tayer until the final thickness is obtained it has distidvantages in respect of the mountain of the anchors.

Spraying of the resin can be performed such that the entire innerside of the form is covered so that a building official is already obtained from resin such as a resin dome.

It is also possible to apray part of the height with ream and to shart spreying the concrete already whilst the spraying of the realin proceeds upwardly towards the too.

Mounting of the reinforcing rode can take place such that the reinforcing is completed first prior to applying the further concrete layers. One, however, can also perform the work in such a way that said concrete layers are applied after mounting part of the reinforcing mode proceeds upwardly followed by the application of the concrete, which application of the concrete of ocurse starts at the basis.

The synthetic form can remain in place or be comoved respectively. For performing the work use can be made of a movable platform lifting device having at the outer and of a swingable and extendable arm a work platform from which any position inside the blown form can be reached with spraying devices.

With the invention it is possible to manufacture building structures of prefamily dome shaped configuration in a simple manner. They can have a circular basis and be part aphendal. They however may have as well an oval basis or even a rectangular basis.

The Inventor concerns as well an anchor for applying the method according to the Inventors which anchor as known from US-A-4,155.967 has a perforant footplate to which a rod is attached which anchor according to the invention has tongues which are on tree from the plate and bent into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate and turned away from the rod.

Said another has a shape such that it can be wiserted with said tongues tree the fourn layer.

The invention will be further illustrated with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 shows part of a building structure according to the invention.

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Figure 2 shows 8 possible embodiment of the ancion.

Figures 3a to finalishe show different phases of the method according to the invention.

The building abucture which can be obtained with the knyention has a form 1 which by blowing is brought into the proper shape and is made from pleate. Against the innerside a loan synthetic layer 2 is applied by spraying. The enchars 3 are feed upon said layer and reinforcing rode 4 are stanched to cald anchors. For mounting the anchors use can be made of an eurolisty reinforcement 4' such as rode which support the anchors for and during performing further operations. The space around said reinforcing rode which is defined outwardly by the form synthetic layer 2 is filled with concrete 5 by spraying. Prior to building

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the concrete layer 5 layer by layer a first layer 5 is approved over the feet 8 of the anchore. The placello form 1 is connected in an air-tight manner at 5 to a pre-fabricated foundation 7.

The anchors may have the form shown in figure 2 comprising a perforated footplate 8 having bent over tongues 9, which can be pressed into the form synthetic tayer 2 and with an outwardly extending rod or aim 10 serve for connecting to them the reinforcing rods. By applying the first concrete layer 8' said anchors are well held in place sufficiently to carry the reinforcing rods.

Figure 3 showns in figure 3s dispenmentically a part of an annular foundation 7 which has to be provided:

Figure 3b shows the application of the form 1 in the not yet inflated condition.

Figure 3c shows the inflation by means of fans 11.

The inflated half is provided with an air lock 12 known in 15stf.

Figure 3d shows the Inflated hell in a cut-open way. Present in the hall is a working device 13 lieving a working platform 14 by means of which through a supply conduite 15 synthetic from, such as polyarethane can be supplied by the schematically shown device 16 and sprayed upon the kineraide of this inflated form.

Figure 3e shows the mouting of horizontal annular reinforcing rode as wall as minforcing rode extending in vertical planes, after which, as shown in figure 30 3f, by means of the device 13 concrete 5' and 5 respectively can be sprayed.

The hall obtained finally no longer needs the lens and entrance lock respectively.

In case windows are needed auxiliary frames can be placed with the aid of anchors upon the synthetic fearn layer 3 as achemotically indicated at 17 in figure 3d. After complaining the building structure, which means after hardening of the concrete, which concrete surrounds the auxiliary frames, the plastic layer of the form and the form layer can be out away and a real window frame with or without glass can be placed in the opening obtained therewith.

Claims

1. Method for manufacturing a building structure in which an inflatable form (1) which has been provided with an entrance look (12) to mounted in an attigut manner on a base or foundation (7) which form (1) by means of stiketile devices is inflated and after having obtained its correct shape by inflation a form reain layer (2) is approved upon the innerside of the form (1), anothers, each having a perforated loot plate (8) to which an anchoring rod (19) is attached, are placed with their plate-shaped feet (8) on said form rooin layer (2), whoreby said anchoring rods (10) are

inwardly directed, reinforcing rolls (4) are affacted to said anothering roles (10) after spraying a first layer concrete (5') upon the foam layer (2), diseascentized in that primarily the foam main layer (2) is manufactured until its first required thickness to obtained, that only thereafter the anothers (8), 10) are placed and fixed to the foam layer (2) by inserting of bent positions (6) which are cut tree from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8) and turned away from said rod (10) and that the first concrete layer (5) is aprayed over the feet (8) of said anothers which its against the innerside of the foam layer (2).

2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the miniorcoment of least in horizontal planes is

a pre-tanaionable relatorocament

3. Method according to claim 1 or 2 in which for the manufacturing of window traines and the like frames are placed which are fixed by the agraying of the concrete layer, characterized in that the frames are temporary frames of which form and dimension correspond to the form and dimension of the final window frames, which frames are placed upon the form layer and effect the application of the concrete, form material and frames are removed at the location of the frames and said frames are removed and replaced by the final window frames.

4. Anchor for use in the method according to one or more of the preceding claims comparing a perforated (out plate to which a rod is attrached, characterized in that said plate (8) had bangues (9) which are cut free from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8), and turned away from said rod (10).

Patentanaprüoha

1. Variatvan zum Huretollen eines Gebäudes, bei dem eine aufblaabare Form (1), welche mit einer Emfahrischleuse (12) verschen ist luftmicht abschille-Bend sur siner Basis oder einem Fundament (7) angebracht wird, welche Form (1) mit Hilfe geeigneter Envicationgen aufgeblasen wird und nach Emaldien der genzuen Gestalt durch das Aufblauen eine Schaumharzschicht (2) auf der Innunsiale der Form (1) autgesprüht wird, Anker, die jewalle sine pertorterte Fußgistte (5) haben, an welcher ein Antorstab (10) angebrecht ist, mit ihren plattenformigen Füssen. (8) auf die Schaumharzschicht (2) gelegt werden, wobel die Ankarsiab (10) nech innen weisen, und Beweitrungsstäbe (4) an den Ankerstäbe (10) angebracht werden, nachdom eine erste Betonechicht (6) auf die Scheumschlicht (Z) gesprühl wurde, dedurch gakennaelcimet, daß die Schaumberschleid (2) guerst hergotistic wind, bis live abschlistlend estarderliche Stärke erreicht ist daß nur enschliebend die Ankar (8, 10) auf die Schaumschicht (2) gelegt und